

Two species new for China of the lichen genus *Pertusaria*

REN Qiang, ZHAO Zun-Tian

(College of Life Sciences, Shandong Normal University, Jinan 250014, China)

Abstract: Two species of *Pertusaria*, *P. variolosa* and *P. lacericans* are reported as new for China. A detailed description according to morphology, anatomy and chemistry of the two species are given in this paper. The specimens examined are deposited in the Plant Herbarium of Shandong Normal University (SDNU) and the Lichen Section, Herbarium of Mycology, Academia Sinica (HMAS-L).

Key words: *Pertusaria*; new record; taxonomy

CLC Number: Q949 **Document Code:** A **Article ID:** 1000-3142(2008)06-0735-02

1 Materials and methods

Specimens from the following herbaria Shandong Normal University (SDNU) and the Lichen Section, Herbarium of Mycology, Academia Sinica (HMAS-L) were examined.

For morphological and anatomical studies, a dissecting microscope (Motic or Olympus SZ40) and a compound microscope (Olympus BX50) were used for all materials. Hand sections were made and examined with water as the mounting medium for measurement of spore size. The chemical constituents were identified using spot reactions, UV-bulb, and thin layer chromatography using solvent T-D-A (Culberson 1972; Culberson & Johnson 1982).

2 Results

Two species, *P. variolosa* (Klempelh.) Vain. and *P. lacericans* A. W. Archer, are new records for China. The chemistry and detailed morphological descriptions of the new records are given in this paper.

2.1 *Pertusaria variolosa* (Klempelh.) Vain. *Acta Soc. Fauna et Fl. Fenn.* 7:106(1890)(Fig. 1)

Thallus greenish-yellow to yellowish-gray, thick-

ish, isidia and soredia absent, surface cracked or wrinkled-granulate, papillate, fertile verrucae subglobose, 0.3—1.0 mm in diam, sorediate. Apothecia 1 or several per verruca, with a white pulverulent disc and irregular margin. Spores 1 in each ascus, sometimes immature, cylindrical, (135—200) $\mu\text{m} \times$ (40—44) μm . Spore wall single, 3—8 μm thick.

Chemistry: K + yellow, somewhat brown, C-, KC-, Pd+orange-red; fumarprotocetraric acid.

Pertusaria variolosa is characterized by the papillate thallus and the presence of fumarprotoce-traric acid.

Specimens examined: Sichuan, Maerkang, Meng-bishan, X. Y. Wang et al. 11506-1(HMAS-L); Anhui, Mt. huangshan, J. D. Zhao et al. 5635 (HMAS-L); Yunnan, Jianchuan, Shibaoshan, 46,47(SDNU).

2.2 *Pertusaria lacericans* A. W. Archer, *Mycotaxon* 41(1):230(1991)(Fig. 2)

Thallus greenish, somewhat cracked, surface smooth and shiny, pustulate, isidia and soredia absent, the fertile verrucae opening at the top to reveal the white underlying medulla, ca. 0.2—1.0 mm in diam. Apothecia disciform, in conspicuous, immersed in larger verrucae. Spores rare, 1 per ascus, elongate ellipsoid, (122—170) $\mu\text{m} \times$ (27—44) μm . Spore wall smooth,

Received date: 2007-06-25 **Accepted date:** 2008-02-03

基金项目: 国家自然科学基金(30470003);山东省自然科学基金(Y2004D03)[Supported by the National Natural Science Foundation of China(30470003);Natural Science Foundation of Shandong Province(Y2004D03)]

作者简介: 任强(1976-),男,山东临沂人,博士生,主要从事植物资源分类研究,(E-mail)renqiang@sdnu.edu.cn.



Fig. 1 The morphology of the species *Pertusaria variolosa* (Klempelh.) Vain.

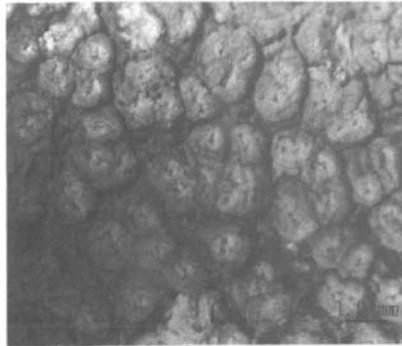


Fig. 2 The morphology of the species *Pertusaria lacericans* A. W. Archer

unzoned and untrimmed, ca. 1 μm thick.

Chemistry: K + yellowish, KC + red-brown, C + yellowish, Pd + orange-red; protocetraric acid.

Pertusaria lacericans is characterized by the greenish thallus, the open verrucae and the presence of protocetraric acid. It occurs on bark at an elevation of 1 800 to 3 100 m. The species is similar to *P. lace-*

rans, *P. sublacericans* and *P. macloviana*. *P. lacericans* contains picrolichenic acid(KC + violet). *P. sublacericans* differs in containing norstictic(K + red). *P. macloviana* is saxicolous.

Specimens examined; Lushui, Pianma, X. Y. Wang et al. 1818(HMAS-L); Weixi, Xianmian, X. Y. Wang et al. 3519(HMAS-L); Fugong, Mt. Qiaomigulu, J. J. Su 1192, 1338(HMAS-L); Gongshan, Dongshaofang, J. J. Su 2153(HMAS-L); Baoshan, Xishanliangzi, X. Y. Wang et al. 1630(HMAS-L).

References:

- Archer AW. 1997. The lichen genus *Pertusaria* in Australia [J]. *Bibliotheca Lichenologica*, 69:1-249
 Culberson CF. 1972. Improved conditions and new data for the identification of lichen products by a standardized thin-layer chromatographic method[J]. *J Chromatography*, 72: 113-125
 Culberson CF, Johnson A. 1982. Substitution of methyl tert-butyl ether for diethyl ether in standardized thin-layer chromatographic method for lichen products[J]. *J Chromatography*, 238:438-487
 Dibben MJ. 1980. The chemosystematics of the lichen genus *Pertusaria* in North America North of Mexico[J]. *Milwaukee Public Museum, Publication in Biology and Geology*, 5:1-162
 Hue AM. 1889. Lichenes Yunnanenses a cl. Delavay praesertim annis 1886-1887, collectos exponit Hue AM (1)[J]. *Bulletin de la Société Botanique de la France*, 36:158-176
 Ren Q, Zhao ZT. 2004. Two new records of the lichen genus *Pertusaria* from China[J]. *Guizhou*, 24(4):329-331(in Chinese)
 Wei JC. 1991. An Enumeration of Lichens in China[M]. Beijing: International Academic Publishers;1-278
 Zahlbruckner A. 1930. Lichenes[M]// Handel-Mazzetti, Symbolae Sinicae III. Vienna, Springer
 Zhao ZT, Jia ZF, Ren Q. 2003. Study on the lichen order Pertusariales(lichenised Ascomycotina) in China[J]. *Guizhou*, 23 (2):133-138(in Chinese)
 Zhao ZT, Ren Q, André A. 2004. An annotated key to the genus *Pertusaria* in China[J]. *The Bryologist*, 107(4):531-541

中国鸡皮衣属地衣新记录种

任 强, 赵遵田

(山东师范大学 生命科学学院, 济南 250014)

摘要: 报道了采自云南鸡皮衣属地衣的两个中国新记录种, 即瘤疣鸡皮衣和撕裂鸡皮衣, 在形态学、解剖学和化学方面对它们进行了描述, 此外, 还提供了其形态特征照片。本研究中所用的标本保存于山东师范大学植物标本室(SDNU)和中国科学院微生物研究所地衣标本馆。

关键词: 鸡皮衣属; 新记录种; 分类

中国鸡皮衣属地衣新记录种

作者: 任强, 赵遵田, REN Qiang, ZHAO Zun-Tian
作者单位: 山东师范大学, 生命科学学院, 济南, 250014
刊名: 广西植物 [ISTIC PKU]
英文刊名: GUIHAIYA
年, 卷(期): 2008, 28(6)
被引用次数: 3次

参考文献(10条)

1. Archer AW The lichen genus Pertusaria in Australia 1997
2. Culberson CF Improved conditions and new data for the identification of lichen products by a standardized thinlayer chromatographic method 1972
3. Culberson CF; Johnson A Substitution of methyl tert-butyl ether for diethyl ether in standardized thin-layer chromatographic method for lichen products 1982
4. Dibben MJ The chemosystematics of the lichen genus Pertusaria in North America North of Mexico 1980
5. Hue AM Lichenes Yunnanenses a cl. Delavay praesertim annis 1886–1887, collectus exponit Hue AM (1) 1889
6. 任强, 赵遵田 中国鸡皮衣属地衣二新记录种 [期刊论文]-广西植物 2004(4)
7. Wei JC An Enumeration of Lichens in China 1991
8. Zahlbruckner A Lichenes 1930
9. 赵遵田, 贾泽峰, 任强 中国鸡皮衣目地衣的研究 [期刊论文]-广西植物 2003(2)
10. Zhao ZT;Ren Q;Andrè A An annotated key to the genus Pertusaria in China 2004(04)

引证文献(2条)

1. 任强 中国鸡皮衣科地衣研究 [学位论文]博士 2009
2. 孙中帅 青藏高原鸡皮衣科地衣研究 [学位论文]硕士 2009

引用本文格式: 任强, 赵遵田, REN Qiang, ZHAO Zun-Tian 中国鸡皮衣属地衣新记录种 [期刊论文]-广西植物 2008(6)